

1 Całkowe FDTD

1. $\oint_L \vec{E} d\vec{l} = -\mu \iint_S \frac{\partial \vec{H}}{\partial t} ds$
2. $\oint_L \vec{H} d\vec{l} = \iint_S \left[\sigma \vec{E} + \varepsilon \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} \right] ds$

2 James Clerk Maxwell

1. $\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\mu \frac{\partial \vec{H}}{\partial t}$
2. $\nabla \times \vec{H} = \sigma \vec{E} + \varepsilon \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t} + \vec{j}_e$
3. $\nabla \cdot \vec{D} = \rho \Rightarrow \nabla \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\varepsilon}$
4. $\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0 \Rightarrow \nabla \vec{H} = 0$

3 Hermann von Helmholtz

1. $\nabla^2 \vec{E} - \gamma^2 \vec{E} = \nabla \left(\frac{\rho}{\varepsilon} \right) + \mu j \omega \vec{J}_e$
2. $\nabla^2 \vec{H} - \gamma^2 \vec{H} = -\nabla \times \vec{J}_e$
3. $\gamma = \sqrt{j\omega\mu(\sigma + j\omega\varepsilon)}$

4 Klin i inne zwierzętka

1. $\vec{E}^i = \mathbf{1}_z E_0 e^{-j\beta\rho \cos(\phi+\phi')}$
2. $\vec{E}^r = \mathbf{1}_z \cdot (-1) \cdot E_0 e^{-j\beta\rho \cos(\phi-\phi')}$ (miękkka)
3. $\vec{E}^r = \mathbf{1}_z \cdot (+1) \cdot E_0 e^{-j\beta\rho \cos(\phi-\phi')}$ (twarda)
4. $\rho = \lambda$ (jeśli nie jest dane)
5. $\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cdot \cos y \pm \cos x \cdot \sin y$
6. $\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cdot \cos y \mp \sin x \cdot \sin y$
7. $\sin x \pm \sin y = 2 \sin \frac{x \pm y}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{x \mp y}{2}$
8. $\cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos \frac{x+y}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{x-y}{2}$
9. $\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{x+y}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{x-y}{2}$
10. $\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{x+y}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{x-y}{2}$

5 Linia długa

1. $\begin{bmatrix} U(z, s) \\ I(z, s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ch(x) & Z_c sh(x) \\ \frac{1}{Z_c} sh(x) & ch(x) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} U_2 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} E_2(z, s) \\ I_2(z, s) \end{bmatrix}; x = \gamma(d-z)$
2. $\gamma = \sqrt{ZY} = \sqrt{(R+sL)(G+sC)}$
3. $Z_c = \sqrt{\frac{R+sL}{G+sC}}$
4. $U(z, s) = \underbrace{H(z, s)E(s)}_{ustalony} + \underbrace{H(z, s)[E_2(0, s) + Z_w I_2(0, s)]}_{nieustalony} - E_2(z, s)$
5. $H(z, s) = \frac{Z_c}{Z_c + Z_w} \frac{e^{-\gamma z} + \rho_o e^{-\gamma(2d-z)}}{1 - \rho_o \rho_w e^{-2\gamma d}}$
6. $E_w(z, s) = \mathcal{L}\{e(z, t)\} + Li(z, 0^+)$
7. $I_w(z, s) = \mathcal{L}\{i(z, t)\} + Cu(z, 0^+)$
8. $\gamma = \frac{s}{V} = s\sqrt{LC}$

6 Ogólne takie tam

1. $\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$